Unit Title: Japanese Internment During World War II

Unit Summary: Students will learn about the internment of US citizens and residents of Japanese ancestry during World War II and compare their internment to other examples of internment around the world.

Subject Area(s): Reading, Social Studies

Grade Level: 4th and 5th

Approximate time needed: 3-4 weeks, 30-45 minutes per day (time commitment is adaptable)

Global Perspective: How our past can influence our future. Seeing "different" people as people and not us and them.

Targeted Content Standards:

4th grade - WA State history, WA State Constitution

5th grade - US Constitution: civil rights vs. common good

Reading Comprehension

Assessment: Before unit	During unit	After unit
Picture Walk - group notes/comments	Discussion	Discussion
	Written responses	Written Assessment - response to a
		few key pictures & questions
		they have been discussing along
		the way

Accommodations for differentiated instruction:

Vocabulary - explicit instruction in key terms, picture-supported vocabulary posted on the wall

Text at mid-3rd and mid-4th grade level – guided reading can be replaced by a read-aloud or interactive read-aloud Sentence frames to support verbal responses

Map with dates and photographs illustrating when and where events occurred



Materials/Resources needed:

Books on Japanese Internement (suggested titles)

What Happened to Americans of Japanese Ancestry during World War II, by Sat Ichikawa (1 copy) Baseball Saved Us, by Ken Mochizuki (level O - copies for each student in the guided reading group) The Bracelet, by Yoshiko Uchida (level R - copies for each student in the guided reading group) Heroes, by Ken Mochizuki (level O/P - 1 copy)

Articles/Books featuring other instances of internment

Photographs

showing Japanese internment (before/during/after), showing how white US citizens were living at the same time showing other interned people during WWII or more current events (see partial list of other events)

Vocabulary Cards/Poster (with illustrations)

Pearl Harbor, Japanese-American, Internment Camp, barracks, citizen, civil right, common good (bleachers & sagebrush are also useful words to help students understand <u>Baseball Saved Us</u>)

Map with current political boundaries

We The People (5th grade Social Studies text), lessons 2 & 3 - Civil Rights vs. Common Good



Content	Essential Questions	Skills
Picture Walk -	Who are these people?	Formative assessment
Japanese	What is happening?	
Internment	Where is this occurring?	
	When is this occurring?	
Read Aloud:		Comprehension: gain background knowledge from
What Happened to	Who are these people?	non-fiction text
Americans of	What is happening?	
Japanese Ancestry	Where is this occurring?	Vocabulary Development: internment camp, Pearl
during WWII	When is this occurring?	Harbor, Japanese-American, barracks
We The People, lesson 2: civil	What are civil rights? Who gets civil rights?	Critical Thinking
rights		
Art:	If you didn't know where you were going,	Social Skills: empathy
Pack your suitcase	when you'd return home, or if your things would be there when you returned, what would you take with you?	Comprehension: personal connection to text
Guided Reading:	What is racism? Is this racism?	Comprehension: inference, asking questions
Baseball Saved Us	How did these people cope with the	Vocabulary Development: introduce "sagebrush" and
	injustice of being locked up?	"bleachers", review unit vocabulary, use specific vocabulary when discussing Social Skills: empathy
We The People,	What is the common good?	Critical Thinking
lesson 3: common	What is more important: civil rights or	



good	the common good?	
Guided Reading:	Emi (in The Bracelet) and the boy (in	Comprehension: compare and contrast the
The Bracelet	Baseball Saved Us) were both sent with	treatment by their peers of Emi from The
	their families to internment camps, but	Bracelet and the boy in Baseball Saved Us using a
	their experiences with their peers and at	Venn diagram (or other graphic organizer)
	school were very different. How were	
	their experiences alike? How were they	
	different?	
Picture Walk -	Who are these people?	Comprehension: Revise our thinking about what is
Japanese	What is happening?	happening based upon what we now know.
Internment	Where is this occurring?	
(repeat, same	When is this occurring?	
illustrations)		
Interactive Read-	How did people who were interned feel	Comprehension: inference, revising our thinking
Aloud:	afterward?	based on new information, compare/contrast
<u>Heroes</u>	How was internment viewed by the next	
	generation (their children)?	Critical Thinking
	How do you feel about internment?	
	How do civil rights and the common good	
	play into this?	
Other Instances of	Was internment unique to the United	Comprehension: Revise our thinking about what is
Internment -	States or has it happened elsewhere?	happening based upon what we now know.
picture walk with	Who are these people?	
captions explaining	What is happening?	Critical Thinking
when and where	Where is this occurring?	
	When is this occurring?	
	How do civil rights and the common good	



	play into this?	
Internment	Consider the history of what was going on: The United States was at war with Japan and the United States government interned all individuals of Japanese descent who were living on the West Coast (but not Hawaii). Was internment right or wrong? Why?	Summative Assessment
Group Discussion	The United States was also at war with Germany: Why weren't people of German descent interned, too?	Critical Thinking
Shared/Guided Reading – Articles/books on other instances of internment	Have we (as people) learned from our past? Explain. What do we (as people) still need to learn?	Comprehension/Critical Thinking: extending our thinking
Group Discussion/Written Response	Should governments intern people today or in the future? Why or why not?	Comprehension/Critical Thinking: extending our thinking

Other Examples of Internment:

- Europe, WWII over 3,000 work/death camps, run by the Nazis and local governments on behalf of the Nazis, unskilled & skilled labor without regard for human welfare
- United States, 1830s Cherokee people
- United States, 1860s Dakota Sioux
- Spanish military in Cuba, Ten Years' War (1868-1878)
- US in the Philippines, Philippine-American War (1899-1902)
- British in South Africa, Second Boer War (1899-1902) Boers interned to dissuade rebels from fighting back, 1st modern "concentration camps"
- Australia, WWI German and Austrian men
- England, Anglo-Irish War (1919-1921) Irish republicans (12,000 people)
- Canada, WWII German Canadians, Italian Canadians, Japanese Canadians (mostly in B.C.)
- New Zeland, WWII German, Italian, and Japanese men
- China, 1960s "reform through labor" for political dissidents
- North Korea, today 6 camps known to exist today for "political criminals"; their whole families are relocated

